## CLAIMS

- A method for removing water from surfaces of various materials, comprising the steps of covering said surface with a composition having a specific weight higher than that of the water and subsequently removing water from the composition by skimming, wherein a composition essentially consisting of the following components is used:
  - A) a non ionic additive having a fluoropolyether structure with a fluorinated T end group containing one chlorine atom, having the following formula:

$$T-OR_f(CFY)-L$$
 (I)

wherein

$$L = X - CH2CH2(OCH2CH2)nB$$
 (Ia)

wherein:

 $X = CH_2O$ ;  $CH_2NR$ "; CONR";  $CH_2OCH_2CH_2NR$ ";  $CH_2OCOCH_2O$ ;

B = OH; SH; NHR"; OCH<sub>3</sub>; OCOCH<sub>3</sub>,

with R"= H;  $C_{1\cdot 3}$  alkyl,

T is a fluorinated radical selected from ClCF<sub>2</sub>CF(CF<sub>3</sub>)-, CF<sub>3</sub>CFClCF<sub>2</sub>-, ClCF<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>2</sub>-, ClCF<sub>2</sub>-,

 $Y = CF_3 \text{ or } F$ ,

the radical  $R_f$  being of (per)fluoropolyether type; being in said additive of formula (I):

the number average molecular weight of the

fluoroether part T-OR $_{\rm f}$ - in the range 400-2,000,

- the ratio by weight (K) between the fluorinated part and the hydrogenated L part of the additive is in the range 1.50-4.00; the n parameter in formula (Ia) being such as to meet said ratio;
- B) a perfluoropolyether having number average molecular weight in the range 300-900, the ratio K<sup>r</sup> between the number average molecular weight of the fluoropolyether part T-OR<sub>f</sub>- of the additive and the number average molecular weight of component B) being higher than 1.60.
- 2. A method according to claim 1, wherein the number average molecular weight of the fluoroether part  $\text{T-OR}_{f^-}$  of the compounds of formula (I) component A) is preferably in the range 500-1,200, still more preferably in the range 600-1,000.
- A method according to claims 1-2, wherein the perfluoropolyether component B) has number average molecular weight preferably in the range 300-650.
- 4. A method according to claims 1-3, wherein the radical  $R_t$  of fluoropolyether type preferably comprises repeating units statistically distributed along the polymer chain

selected from:  $(CF_2CF_2O)$ , (CFYO) wherein Y is equal to F or  $CF_3$ ,  $(C_3F_6O)$ ;  $(CF_2(CF_2)_2O)$  wherein Z is an integer equal to 2 or 3;  $(CF_2CF(OR_2,O))$ ,  $(CF(OR_2,O))$  wherein  $R_2$ , is equal to  $CF_3$ ,  $C_2F_5$ ,  $C_3F_7$ ;  $CR_4R_5CF_2CF_2O$  wherein  $R_4$  and  $R_5$  are equal to or different from each other and selected between Cl or perfluoroalkyl, preferably having 1-4 carbon atoms.

- 5. A method according to claim 4, wherein the group  $R_{\rm f}$  comprises the following repeating units:
  - (a) -(CF<sub>2</sub>CF(CF<sub>3</sub>)O)<sub>a</sub>(CFYO)<sub>b</sub>wherein Y is F or CF<sub>3</sub>; a and b are integers such that the molecular weight is in the above range; a/b is in the range 10-100;
  - (b) -(CF<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>c</sub>(CF<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>d</sub>(CF<sub>2</sub>(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>z</sub>O)<sub>h</sub>. wherein c, d and h are integers such that the molecualr weight is within the above range; c/d is in the range 0.1-10; h/(c+d) is in the range 0-0.05, z has the above value, h can be equal to 0;
  - (c) -(CF<sub>2</sub>CF(CF<sub>3</sub>)O)<sub>e</sub>(CF<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>f</sub>(CFYO)<sub>g</sub>wherein Y is F or CF<sub>3</sub>; e, f, g are integers such that the molecular weight is within the above range; e/(f+g) is in the range 0.1-10, f/g is in the range 2-10;
  - (d) -(CF<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>j</sub>(CF<sub>2</sub>CF(OR<sub>f</sub>.)O)<sub>k</sub>(CF(OR<sub>f</sub>.)O)<sub>1</sub>-

wherein:  $R_t$  is -CF<sub>3</sub>, -C<sub>2</sub>F<sub>5</sub>, -C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>7</sub>; j,k,l are integers such that the molecular weight is within the above range; k+l and j+k+l are at least equal to 2,

k/(j+1) is in the range 0.01-1,000, 1/j is in the range 0.01-100;

- (e) -(CF<sub>2</sub>(CF<sub>2</sub>)<sub>z</sub>O)<sub>s</sub>
  - wherein s is an integer such as to give the above molecular weight, z has the already defined meaning;
- (f) -(CR<sub>4</sub>R<sub>5</sub>CF<sub>2</sub>CF<sub>2</sub>O)<sub>j</sub>,wherein R<sub>4</sub> and R<sub>5</sub> are equal to or different from each other and selected from H, Cl or perfluoroalkyl, having 1-4 carbon atoms, j' being an integer such that the molecular weight is the above one;
- (g) (CF(CF<sub>3</sub>)CF<sub>2</sub>O);
  - j" being an integer such to give the above molecular weight.
- 6. A method according to claims 1-5, wherein the value  $K^{\rm I}$  is higher than 2.00 and preferably in the range 2.00-3.00.
- A method according to claims 1-6, wherein the perfluoropolyether component B) preferably has the following structure:

T'-O-R<sub>f</sub>-T"

wherein:

 $R_f$  has the above meaning;

T'and T", equal to or different, are selected from  $\ ^{-}CF_3,$   $^{-}C_3F_5,$   $^{-}C_3F_5,$   $^{-}C_3F_7.$ 

- 8. A method according to claim 7, wherein the perfluoropolyether component B) has a structure selected from the following:
  - (III) T'O(C<sub>3</sub>F<sub>6</sub>O)<sub>a</sub>.(CFYO)<sub>b</sub>.T"

wherein Y = F or  $CF_3$ , a" and b" are integers such that the molecular weight is within the range with a"/b" in the range 1-40; T' and T" are as above defined.

- (IV)  $T'O\left(C_2F_4O\right)_p(CF_2O)_qT''$  wherein p and q are integers such that the molecular weight is within the indicated range with p/q in the range 0.6-1.2; T' and T' are as above.
- (V)  $T'O(C_3F_6O)_s.T^*$  wherein s' is an integer such that the molecular weight is within the indicated range; T'and T\* are as above.
- 9. A method according to claims 1-8, wherein the amount of additive A) in the compositions is lower than or equal to 0.1% by weight, preferably lower than 0.05% with respect to the total weight of the composition.
- 10. A composition according to claims 1-9.
- 11. Non ionic additive having a fluoropolyether structure
  (AF 2338/031,EST)

according to claims 1-9.